Nuclear Science & the New Standard Model: Neutrinos & Fundamental Symmetries in the Next Decade



Fifty years of PV in nuclear physics The next decade presents NP with a historic opportunity to build on this legacy in developing the "new Standard Model"

The value of our contribution will be broadly recognized outside the field

Solar *v*s & the neutrino revolution

Michael Ramsey-Musolf, NSAC March, 2007

Community Input

- Pre-Town Meetings:
 Santa Fe Nov 2006
 Caltech Dec 2006
- DNP Town Meeting
 Chicago Jan 2007
- White paper (merging two)

Substantial work by the organizing committee

Scientific Questions, Achievements & Challenges

Primary Scientific Questions

- What are the masses of neutrinos and how have they shaped the evolution of the universe? 0vββ decay, θ₁₃, β decay,...
- Why is there more matter than antimatter in the present universe? EDM, DM, LFV, $0\nu\beta\beta$, θ_{13} ...
- What are the unseen forces that disappeared from view as the universe cooled? Weak decays, PVES, g_µ-2,...

Tribble report

Related Scientific Questions

- What is the internal landscape of the proton? PVES, hadronic PV, v scattering,...
- What causes stars to explode? Large scale supernova simulations, v flavor transformation...
- What is the origin of the heavy elements from iron to uranium? Weak interactions and v interactions in heavy nuclei,...

Tribble report

- Discovery of flavor oscillations in solar neutrinos; Solution of the solar neutrino problem; 1300+ citations
- Discovery of flavor oscillations in reactor neutrinos; Identification of LMA solution; over 1000 citations
- World's most precise measurement of (g_μ-2) Possible first indications of supersymmetry; over 1000 citations
- Most precise measurement of sin²θ_W off the Z⁰ resonance using PV Moller scattering; constrains new physics at the TeV scale (Z', RPV SUSY...)

- Definitive determinations of strange quark contributions to nucleon EM form factors using PV electron-proton & electron-nucleus scattering; confirmed theoretical estimates of hadronic effects in electroweak radiative corrections
- Quark-lepton universality tested to 0.05% using superallowed nuclear β-decay, yielding most precise value of any CKM matrix element (V_{ud}) 2006 Bonner Prize in Nuclear Physics recognizing work of Towner & Hardy

- Completion of a comprehensive set of computations of supersymmetric effects in lowenergy electroweak observables; 2005 Dissertation Award in Nuclear Physics to A. Kurylov
- Reduction in the theoretical hadronic uncertainty in extraction of V_{ud} from neutron and nuclear β -decay
- New theoretical breakthroughs in simulating neutrino flavor transformation in supernovae; modeling v flavor transformation effects nucleosynthesis with SN's; understanding weak interaction effects in SN shock dynamics

- Development of a EFT treatments of parity violation in the nucleon-nucleon interaction that will guide the future experimental program at the SNS and NIST
- Reduction in theoretical uncertainty in QRPA computations of $\partial v \beta \beta$ decay matrix elements
- Substantial technical developments opening the way for searches for the permanent EDMs of the neutron, neutral atoms, deuteron and electron with 2-4 orders of magnitude greater sensitivity

Technological Achievements & Investments

 β -decay: Neutrino Mass

KATRIN, NexTex, MARE...





Total Lepton Number & Neutrino Mass Term

θνββ-decay



Technological Achievements & Investments

Multi-purpose Facility





Technological Achievements & Investments

QuickTime[™] and a TIFF (Uncompressed) decompressor are needed to see this picture. Fundamental Neutron Physics Beamline at SNS

1.4 MW , 1 GeV H⁻ beam on L Hg

Also new capabilities at LANSCE, NIST...

QuickTime™ and a TIFF (Uncompressed) decompressor are needed to see this picture. QuickTime™ and a TIFF (Uncompressed) decompres are needed to see this picture.

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CEBAF 12 GeV Up-grade

Muon storage ring at BNL

ISAAC, RIAcino.... Challenges: What role can low energy studies play in the LHC era ? (and beyond!)

Two frontiers in the search for new physics

Collider experiments (pp, e^+e^- , etc) at higher energies (E >> M_Z)

High energy physics

Indirect searches at lower energies (E < M_Z) but high precision



Particle, nuclear & atomic physics